Edited on September

RECEIVED by the Carrier from the Merchani in apparent external good order and condition (unless otherwise noted herein) the total number of Containers, or if the Goods are not shipped in Containers, the total number of packages or other shipping units specified in the box marked "No. of Pks.or. Considers" for Carriage subject to all the terms and conditions bereaf (including the terms and conditions on the reverse hereof and the terms and conditions of Carrier's applicable. If required by the Carrier, this Bill duly endorsed shall be surrendered in exchange for the Goods or Delivery Order. In accepting this Bill, the Merchant agrees to be bound by all the stipulations, exceptions, terms and conditions on the face and back hereof, whether written, typed, stamped or printed, as if signed by the Microant any local custom or privilege to be contrary notwithstanding, and agrees that all agreements for the shipment of the goods are superseded by this Bill.

1. DEFINITION

1. DEFINITION

The following words whether contained on the front or back have the meanings hereby assigned:

(1) "Bill "means (A) Bill of Lading if this document is issued as a Bill of Lading, or (B) Sea Waybill (this document is issued as a Sea Waybill. Notwithstanding anything else contained in or incorporated in this Bill, if it is issued as a Sea Waybill. Will not be a document of till to the Goods.

(2) "Carriage" means the whole or any part of the operations and service undertaken by the Carrier in respect of the Goods covered by the Bill.

(3) "Carrier" means the party on whose behalf this Bill is issued, as well as the Vessel and/or her Owner, demise charterer (if bound hereby), the time charterer and an substituted or Underfying Carrier whether any of them is acting as Carrier or ballee.

(4) "CoGSA" means the United States Carriage of Goods by Sea Act, approved on April 16, 1936.

(5) "Clean" means for Shipper's packed and sealed containers received in apparent good order and condition. In no circumstance a representation is made as to the weight, contents, measure, quantity, qualify, description, condition, marks or value of the Goods thereof.

(6) "Container" includes any ISO standard container, trailer, transportable tank, flat rack and/or other item of transportation equipment in conformance with ISO standards.

(6) "Container" includes any ISO Standard container, trailer, transportable tank, flat rack and/or other litem of transportable nequipment in conformance with ISO standards.

(7) "Treight" includes all charges payable to the Carrier in accordance with the applicable Tariff and this Bill, including storage and demursor, and the Carrier.

(8) "Godds" means the whole or any part of the cargo received from the Merchant and includes any equipment or Container(f) not supplied by or on behalf of the Carrier.

(9) "Haque Rules" means the provisions of the International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules Relating to Bills of Lading signed at Brassels on 25 th August, 1924 and includes any amendments thereto including the Hague Visby Amendments, 1968.

(10) "Holder" means any Person for the time being in possession of this Bill of Issued as a Bill of Lading) to whom the property in the Goods has passed on, or by reason of the Consignment of the Goods or the endorsement of this Bill or otherwise.

(11) "Merchant" includes the Shipper, Holder, Consignee or receiver of the Goods or any Person owning or entitled to the possession of the Goods or this Bill and anyone acting on behalf of any such Person.

(12) "Multimodal Transport" arises if the Place of Receipt and/or the place of Delivery are indicated on the face hereof in the relevant spaces.

(13) "On Board" means the Goods are loaded on the actilises of any Underlying Carrier or Suc-Contractor for Carriage in accordance with the terms of this Bill.

(14) "Person" includes an individual, group, company or other entity.

(15) "Part-Le-Part aises if the Carriage is not Multimodal Transport.

(16) "Sub-Lonatactor" includes owners and operators of Vessels (other than the Carrier), sevenders, slot chartered owners, terminal and groupage operators, Underlying Carrier, adal and ill subsport operators and any independent contractor engineed by the Carrier in performance of the Carriage.

(17) "Underlying Carrier" includes any water, rall, motor, air or other carrier

BIII.
(18) "Vessel" includes the Vessel named on the face hereof together with any ship, craft, lighter, barge, feedership, ferry or other means of transportation substituted in whole or in part, for the Vessel named on the face hereof.

2. CARRIER'S TARIFF.

The terms and conditions of Carrier's applicable tariff are incorporated herein, including those provisions relating to Container and vehicle demurrage. Copies of the relevant provisions of the applicable tariff are obtainable from the Carrier upon request. In the event of any inconsistency between this Bill and the applicable Tariff, this Bill shall prevail.

3. MERCHANT'S WARRANTY
The Merchant warrants that in agreeing to the terms hereof he is, or has the authority of, the person owning, or entitled to possession of the Goods and this Bill.

A EXEMPTION AND IMMUNITIES OF SERVANTS, AGENTS, STEVEDORES AND OTHER SUB-CONTRACTORS.

(1) The Carrier shall be entitled to sub-contract the whole of any part of Carriage on any terms whatsoever.

(2) In contracting for the following exemptions and limitation of, and exoneration from, liability, the Carrier's cating as agent and trustee for all other Persons named in this clause. It is understood and agreed that, which than the Carrier, no Person, firm or croperation or other legal entity whatsoever (including the named in this clause. It is understood and agreed that which than the Carrier, no Person, firm or croperation or other legal entity whatsoever (including the named in this clause), the carrier is clause of the named to be, leads with respect to the Goods as Carrier, hallow or other them. If the contraction of the named to be, leads with respect to the Goods as Carrier, hallow or other them. If, however, it is than add to the contraction of the named to be, leads with respect to the Coods as Carrier, hallow or other them. If, however, it is than add to the contraction of the named to be, leads with respect to the condition of the contraction of the carrier or ballee of the Goods, or under respect the entry of the contraction of the contra

5. SCOPE OF THE VOYAGE

S. SCOPE OF THE VOYAGE
The intended carriage may include the use of Underlying Carriers and it is expressly agreed that the use of such Underlying Carriers shall not constitute a deviation. In this regard, the Carrier may at any time, and without notice to the Merchant, use any means of carriage or storage whatsoever, transfer the Goods from an conveyance to another, including transchipping or carrying the Goods on a Vessel other than that (3) specified on the face for proceed by any route in Carriers of Sicretion (whether or not the nearest or most direct, customary or advertised route) and proceed to, or stay at any place or port whatsoever, load and unload the Goods at any place or port (whether or not such port is named on the face of this Isli as the port of Indoding or the port of Actor Action (and the Carriers of Actor Actor Actor Actor Carriers of Actor Ca

6. LIBERTY CLAUSE
If at anytime the Carriage is, or is likely, to be affected by any situation which has given, or is likely to give rise to danger, injury, loss, delay, risk of capture, seture or detention, or disadvantage of whatsoever nature to the Vessel, the Carrier, any Underlying Carrier or Sub-Contractor utilized inthe Carriage of the Goods, is fast, in any way unsafe, impracticable or on unlawful or against the interest of the Carrier or the Merchant to commence or continue the Carriage of the Goods, the Carrier may, at any time, in its sole discretion:
(1) Unpack the Container(s) or otherwise dispose of the Goods in such way as the Carrier may deem advisable at the risk and expense of the Merchant:
(2) Carry the Goods to the contracted port of discharge or place of delivery, whichever is applicable, by any alternative route or means of transportation to that indicated in this Bill or that which is usual for Goods consigned to that port of discharge or place of delivery and any such additional freights and charges shall be for the Merchant's account of the Carriage of the Goods and store them ashore or afloat upon terms of this Bill and endeaver to forward them as soon as possible, but the Carrier makes no representations as to the maximum period of suspension of the Carriage. Any additional Freight or charges shall be for the account of the Merchant; whereupon the Carrier's responsibility in regard to the goods shall cease. Notwithstanding the abandonment, the Carrier's shall nevertheless be entitled to full freight on the goods, and the Merchant shall pay any additional ceasts of the carriage to, and delivery and storage at such place or port.

The situations referred to in this Clause 6 shall include, but his contracting to, and delivery and storage at such place or port, when the carrier any entities of the Carrier's responsibility, swifes or beginned as the contracting to, and delivery and storage at such place or port, when the carrier and the carrier and the Carrier's responsibility, and the cor

or any sow-consecutor or unersymp scartiest seed in the Carriage covered by this Bill.

7. CARRIER'S RESPONSIBILITY AND CLAUSE PARAMOUNT.

(1) Portic-Port Shipment-when loss or damage has occurred between the time of loading the Goods by the Carrier, or any Underlying Carrier, at the port of loading the time of discharge, by the Carrier shall be determined in accordance with Hague Relace or any national laws making the Hague Relace, or any national laws those very for loss of the Carrier shall be considered to the Bill. The Carrier shall be noted in a liability making the Hague Relace, or any national laws to every for loss of considered to the Bill. The Carrier shall be noted in a liability making the Hague Relace, and the Carrier shall have the benefit of every right, defease, limited to a district part of the hit has the port of the Carrier shall have the benefit of every right, defease, limited on an district part of the hit has per Relace and the Carrier shall have the benefit of every right, defease, limited on an district part of the hit has the country of the Carrier shall have the benefit of every right, defease, limited on an district part of the hit has the country of the Carrier shall have the benefit of every right, defease, limited on an district part of the hit has the country of the Carrier shall have the country of the carrier of the Carrier shall be compulsorily applicable and shall (except as may be defined sometimes of the Carrier shall be compulsorily applicable and shall (except as may be dementias expected by the Carrier or any Underlying Carrier or Sub-Contractor.

Contractor.

are discharged from the Vessel provided, however, that the Goods at said times are in me acusar usaway and accordance from the Vessel provided, however, that the Goods at said times are in me acusar usaway and the Contractor (2) Multimodal Transport to Multimodal Transportation from, to, or within the United States, when the Goods are in the custody of the Carrier, or any Underlying Carrier, such Multimodal Transportation from, to or within the United States then the Carrier's tability will be governed by and be subject to the terms and conditions of the Underlying Carrier's Staff which shall be incorporated herein as if set forth at length. Nowthits familing the freegoing, in the event there is a private contract of Carriage between the Carrier and any Underlying Carrier, such Multimodal Transportation will governed by the terms and conditions of said contract which shall be incorporated herein as if set forth at length and copies of such contraction, shall be available to the Merchant at any office of the Carriery one quest. (C) with respect to all water Multimodal Transport outside the United States where COGSA is not computerly applicable, then the Hague Russ shall apply as per Clause 3(7) as per Clause 3(7).

(B) With respect to road Carriage between outside in the United States where COGSA is not computerly applicable, then the Hague

(E) yain tespect to all was manufacture in Manufacture (Manufacture) and the spect for the International Carriage between manufacture) and the spect for seal carriage between countries in Europe, liability shall be determined in accordance with the Convention on the Convention of the Convention on the Convention of Convention (Convention) and Convention (Convention) and Convention Convention (Convention) and Convention (Convention

(c) Suduplation - while any claims are year of your extrict in the rectionin, the carrier sharine administration or administration of the mention of the desired process. (c) Conflict of Law - In the event the Carriage covered by this Bill is subject to two or more compulsory national laws, then the national law of the jurisdiction in which any action is brought shall be applicable.

8. CONTAINER PACKED BY CARRIER.

Where the goods, receipt of which is acknowledged on the face of this Bill, are not already contained in Container(s) at the time of such receipt, the Carrier shall be at liberty to pack and carry such Goods in Containers.

be at liberty to pack and carry such Goods in Containers.

Never the Goods have been packed into Containers (b) by or on behalf of the Merchant, it is mutually agreed that,

(1) Any statement of this Bill relating to marks and numbers, number and kind of packages, description, quantity, quality, weight, measure, nature, kind, value, or other particulars of the Container (s) and sock Container (s) and as soft method to the container (s) and the Carrier accepts no liability in respect thereof. The acknowledgement of the Carrier is confined to the number and apparent order and condition of Container (s) and the Carrier is confined to the number and apparent order and condition of Container (s) and the Carrier is confined to the number and apparent order and condition of Container (s) and the Container (s) and the container (s) and the Carrier and the Ca

O. CARRIER'S CONTAINER -MERCHANT'S RESPONSIBILITY

(1) The Merchant shall inspect the Container(s) which are lent, leased, or in any way furnished by the Carrier before the Goods are packed into such Container(s), and the Container(s) so packed by the Merchant shall be deemed to have been accepted by him in good order and suitable condition for the purpose of Carriage contracted herein unless
the Merchant provides written notice or remarks in writing concerning the condition of the Container(s) Unless such written notification is given, Merchant is precluded from filing claim against the Carrier for any loss or damage to the Goods by reason of insufficient or unsound condition of the Container(s).

(2) The Merchant shall assume full responsibility and indemnify the Carrier for any loss or damage to the Carrier's Container(s) and/or other equipment which occurred while in his possession of in possession of his agents or carriers engaged by or on behalf of the Merchant.

(3) The Carrier shall not, in any event, be liable for, and the Merchant shall indemnify and hold the Carrier harmless from and against, any loss or damage to property of other Persons or injuries to other Persons or carriery but to other Persons or carriery but to the Persons or carriery and the Merchant shall indemnify and hold the Carrier sharmless from and against, any loss or damage to Merchant's agents or inland carriers engaged by or on behalf of the Merchant, or the Merchant, or the Merchant or the Mercha

11. SPECIAL CONTAINERS AND PERISHABLE GOODS.

11. SPECIAL CONTAINERS AND PERBMABLE GOUDS.

Unless specially requested by the Merchant in writing, the Carrier is not required to provide anything other than a 20 or 40 foot standard dry Container(s). In the event the Carrier agrees to carry the Goods in a special Container(s) such as a refrigerated, heated or insulated Container(s). Goods of a perishable nature shall be carried in such dry Container(s) without special protection, services or other measures unless it is noted on the reverse side of this Bill that the Goods will be carried in a refrigerated, heated, electrically ventilated or otherwise specially equipped Container(s).

The Merchant is required to give written notice of requested temperature settings of the thermostatic controls before receipt of the Goods by the Carrier. When a loaded Container(s) is received, the Carrier will verify that the thermostatic controls are set to maintain Container(s) temperature as requested. The Merchant is responsible for bringing the Goods to the proper temperature before loading the Goods into the Container(s), for the proper stowage of the goods within the Container(s), or setting the temperature (including maintenance and repair) during all times before the Container(s) are delivered by the Carrier. The Carrier is not responsible for produce deterioration caused by inherent vice, defects in the merchandise or transit times in excess of the produce shelf life. The Merchant is specifically advised that refrigerated, heated, specially equipally wentilated or otherwise specially equipped Container(s) are not equipped to change the temperature of Goods, but solely to maintain the temperature as received from the Merchant. The Carrier is unable to determine whether the Goods were at the proper temperature when they were loaded into the Container(s) or when the Container(s) are collevered to the Carrier. Carrier shall be deemed to have fulfilled its obligations under this Bill, and shall have no lability whatsoever, if the goods are carried in a range of plus or minus 2.5 degrees centified of in regard to any carrying temperature designated in writing by the Merchant in this Bill.
Goods subject to deterioration or damage by extrems of heat and/or cold which are shipped by Merchant in standard dry Container(s) rather than in refrigerated or temperature controlled Container(s) which can be supplied by the Carrier are carried at Merchants' risk and Carrier assumes no liability whatsoever resulting from Merchant's acts or omissions in falling to request the proper Container(s).

12. STOWAGE ON DECK

12. STOWAGE ON DECK
(1) The Carrier has the right to carry the Goods in Container(s) on deck, whether the Container(s) are owned or leased or have been packed or stuffed, by or on behalf of the Merchant or the Carrier. When Goods in Container(s) are carried on deck, the Carrier is not required to specially note, mark or stang anystatement of on deck Carriage on the face thereof, any coston to the contain yorking the container of the Carrier of the Carr

on texts. Cathage on the schedered, any casum on the contrary monitoring in the Classe Parament hereof.

(2) NotWhistanding classe 2(7) above in the case of Goods which are stated on the face hereof as being carried on deck and which are so carried, the Hagur RRUEs shall not apply and the Carrier shall be under no liability whatsoever for loss, damage or delay, howsoever arising.

13. LIVE ANIMAL, PLANTS AND PERISHABLE GOODS

The Carrier shall not be responsible for any accident, disease, mortality, loss of or damage to live animals, birds, reptiles, fish, plants and perishable. Goods arising or resulting from any cause whatsoever including the Carrier's negligence or the Vessel's unseaworthiness, and shall have the benefit of all the provisions of the Dill. The Carrie arising or r of this Bill.

14. DANGEROUS GOODS AND CONTRABAND
(1) The Carrier undertakes to carry the Goods of an explosive, inflammable, radioactive, corrosive, damaging, noxious, hazardous, poisonous, injurious or dangerous nature only upon the Carrier's acceptance of a prior written application by the Merchant for the Carriage of such Goods. Such application must accurately state the nature, name, label, and classification of the goods as well as the method of rendering them innocuous, with the full names and addresses of the Merchant.

the Merchant.

(2) The Merchant shall undertake to ensure that the nature of the goods referred to in the preceding paragraph is distinctly and permanently marked and manifested on the outside of the Goods and Container(s) and shall also undertake to submit the documents or certificates required by any applicable statutes or regulations or by the Carrier.

(3) Whenever the Goods are discovered to have been received by the Carrier without complying with the foregoing or the Goods are found to be contraband or prohibited by any law or regulations of the port of loading, discharge or call or any place or waters during the Carriage, the Conference in the contraband or prohibited by any law or regulations of the port of loading, discharge or all or any place or waters during the Carriage, the Conference is and the Merchant shall be liable to indemnify the Carrier against any kind of loss, damage or liability including loss of freight, and any expenses directly or indirectly arising out of resulting from such flonds.

nature to meaning into carrier against any name of this part of manny including loss of retigit, read any expenses uncludy of municipy around out or estimate.

(4) The Carrier may exercise or enjoy the right or benefitely conferred upon the Carrier under their foregoing whenever it is apprehended that the Goods received in compliance with the terms of this clause may seem likely to become diagrerous to the Carrier, Vessel, Goods, Underlying Carrier, Sub-Contractors, Persons and/or other property. The Carrier has the right to inspect the contents of the Container(s) and the Goods carried therein at any time and anywhere without the Merchant's agreement and at the risk and expense of the Goods.

15. VALUABLE GOODS

1s. VALUABLE GOODS

The Carrier shall not be liable to any extent for any loss of or damage to or in connection with platinum, gold, silver, jewelry, radioisotopes, precious metals, precious stenes, precious chemicals, buillon, specie, currencies, securities, negotiable instruments, writing, documents, pictures, embroideries, works of art, curios, helifonoms, collections of every nature or any other valuable goods whatsever including Goods having particular value only for the Merchant unless the true nature and value thereof have been declare in writing by the Merchant before receipt of the Goods by the Carrier and inserted in this Bill and unless ad valorem felight Shall have been fully prepatit thereon.

16. LOSS. CONDENSATION. ETC.

The LOSA, CUMBENATION, ETC.
It is agreed that superficial rust, oxidation or condensation inside the Container(s) or any like condition due to moisture is not the responsibility of the Carrier, unless said condition arises out of Carrier's failure to provide a seaworthy Container to the Merchant prior to loading. If the Merchant requires special arrangements or care for the Carriege of such Goods, he must request same in writing to the Carrier and said arrangements must be noted on the face of this Bill and all special Freight, as required, must be paid by the Merchant.

17. GOVERNMENT REGULATION AND PENALTY

17. GOVERNMENT REBULATION AND PRAIL TY
The Merchants hall comply with all regulations or requirements of Customs, Government authorities port and other authorities, and shall bear and pay all duties,
taxes, fines, impose, expenses or losses incurred or suffered by reason of any failure to comply with such regulations, or by reason of any illegal, incorrect, or
insufficient marking, number or addressing of the Goods, or the discovery of any drugs, narcotics, stowaways or other illegal substances within Container(s)
packed by the Merchant or inside Goods supplied by the Merchant, and shall indemnify the Carrier in respect thereof.

18. NOTIFICATION AND DELIVERY
(1) Any mention in this Bill of parties to be notified of the arrival of the Goods is solely for information of the Carrier, and failure to give such notification shall not involve the Carrier in any liability nor relieve the Merchant of any obligations hereunder.
(2) The Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods within the time provided for in the Carrier's applicable Tariff.
(3) If the Merchant fails to take delivery of the Goods, or any part thereof, ashore, in accordance with this Bill, the Carrier may without notice remove the Goods, part thereof, ashore, alloat, in the open or undercover. Such storage shall constitute due delivery hereunder, thereupon all blaitly whateover of the Carrier in respect of the Goods, or that part thereof, shall case.
(4) The Merchant's attention is drawn to the stipulations concerning free storage time and demurrage contained in the Carrier's applicable Tariff, which is incorporated in this Bill.

19. FEE(BIT AND CHARGES
(1) Freight shall be payable at Carrier's option, on gross intake weight or measurement, or gross discharge weight or measurement, or an ad valorem basis, or per Container or package or customary freight unit basis or any other applicable rate as set forth in Carrier's Tariff. Freight may be calculated on the basis of the description of the Goods Timesheb by the Merchant, but Carrier may at any time, weight, measure and value the Goods and open packages or customary freight untit to examine contents. In case the Merchant's description is found to be remouse and additional Freight is payable, the Goods shall be liable for any additional freight and expense incurred in examining, weighing, measuring, timulgating, and valuing the Goods (2) Full Freight to the port of discharge or flooring transportation to place of elibery named herein and all other charges against the Goods shall be considered completely earned on receipt of the Goods by the Carrier or Underlying Carrier as the case may be, whether the Freight or charges be prepaid or be collected at port of discharge or destination or subsequently, and the Carrier shall be entitled acharges, and to receive and retain them under all circumstances whatever, whether the Vessel and/or the Goods are lost or not lost, or whether the voyage channed, broken us furstated or abandoned.

charges, and to receive and retain them under all circumstances whatever, whether the Vessel and/or the Goods are lost or not lost, or whether the voyage changed, broken up, frustrated or abandoned.

(3) All Freight and charges shall be paid in full and without any offset, counterclaim or deduction, in the currency named in this Bill or, at the Carrier's option, in its equivalent in local currency at bank demand rates of exchange in New York as of the date poyement of Freight shall be due hereunder. Any error in Freight or in charges or in the classification herein of the Goods is subject to correction, and if on correction, The Freight or charges are higher, Carrier may collect the additional amount.

(4) The Merchant and Goods shall be jointly and severally liable to Carrier for the payment of all Freight, demurrage, General Average, salvage and other charges, including but not limited to court occis, expenses and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in collecting sums due Carrier. Payment of a freight forwarder, broker or anyone other than the Carrier, or its authorized agent, shall not be deemed payment to the Carrier and shall be made at payer's sole risk.

20. GENERAL AVERAGE AND SALVAGE (1) General average shall be address.

20. GENERAL AVERAGE AND SALVAGE
(1) General average shall be adjusted, stated and settled at any port or place at the Carrier's option according to the 1974. And as to matters not provided for in these rules according to the laws and usages of the port or place of adjustment, and in the currency selected by the Carrier. Average agreement and bond, together with such additional security as may be required by the Carrier, shall be furnished before delivery of the Goods.
(2) In the event of accident, danger, danage or disaster before or after commencement of the voyage resulting from any cause whatsoever, whether due to negligence or not, for which, or for the consequences of which, the Carrier is not responsible by statute, contract or otherwise, the Goods and the Merchant jointy and severally shall contribule with the Carrier in general average to the payment of any ascertifiers, lossess or expresses of a general partie that may be made or incurred and shall pay salvage and special charges incurred in respect to the goods. If a salving Vessel is comed or operated by the Carrier, salvage shall be paid for as killy and in the scame manner as if scuds alwaying vessel or strangers, in the event the Massite crossities that salvage services are needed, the Merchant agrees that the Master may act as his agent to settle salvage continued to.

z1. BOTH TO BLAME COLLISION

If the Vessel comes into collision with another Vessel as a result of the negligence of another Vessel and any act, neglect or default of the master, mariner, pilot or the servants of the owner of the Vessel and in the navigation or in the management of the Vessel, the Merchant shall indennify the Carrier against all loss or liability which night incur directly or indirectly to the other or non-carrying Vessel or her owners insofar as such liability represents loss of or damage to his poods or any claim whatever of the Merchant paid or payable by the other or non-carrying Vessel or the owners to the Merchant and set-tonged or recovered by the other or non-carrying Vessel or the owner thereof. The foregoing provisions shall also apply where the owners, operators or those in charge of any Vessel or Vessel or objects other than, or in addition to, the colliding Vessel or objects are at fault in respect of a collision or contract.

22. NOTICE OF CLAIM AND TIME FOR SUIT

Unless notice of loss of damage and a general nature of such loss or damage be given in writing to the Carrier at the port of discharge or place of delivery before
or at the time of delivery of the Goods, or, if the loss or damage be not apparent, within three days after delivery, the Goods shall be deemed to have been
delivered as described in this Bill. In any event the Carrier shall be discharged from all liability in respect of non-delivery, mis-delivery, delay, loss or damage
unless suit is horopath within one year after delivery of the Goods or the date when the Goods should have been delivered.

(1) The Carrier doesn't undertake that the Goods shall arrive at the port of discharge or place of delivery at any particular time or to meet any particular market or use and saves a provided in Clause 7 the Carrier shall in no circumstances be liable for any indirect or consequential loss or damage caused by delay. If notwithstanding the foregoing the Carrier's liability shall be limited to the ocean freight paid under this Bill for the delayed Goods, exclusive of local charges and/or demurage.

Introduction of the current of the control of the c

Merchant before shipment and agreed to by the Carrier, and are inserted in this Bill and the Applicable "ad valorem" freight rate, as set out in Carrier's Tariff, is paid. Any partial loss or damage shall be adjusted pro rate on the basis of such sectared value and if the declared value is higher than the actual value, the Carrier shall in or event for labels to pay compensation higher than the net invoiced value of the Goods by its Freight and insurance.

25. LIEN

24. FIRE

Notifier the Carrier nor any Underlying Carrier or Sub-Contractor utilized by the Carrier in the performance in this Bill Contract shall be liable to answer for or make good any loss or damage to the Goods occurring at any time the Goods are considered to be in Carrier's custody including the period before loading, or after ischarge from the Vessel, by reason or by means of any fire unless such fire shall be caused by the actual fault or privily of the Carrier.

The Carrier shall have a lien on the Goods and any documents relating thereto for all sums payable to the Carrier under this contract and/or any other contracts ith the Merchant and expenses incurred by the Carrier for the account of the Merchant and for general average and salvage contributions to whomsoever do and for the costs of recovering same and for any penalties and assessments charged to the Carrier as a result of this Carriage of the Goods. In order to recover for such charges the Carrier shall have the right to sell the Goods by public auction or private treaty without notice to the Merchant.

26. JURISDICTION Except as otherwise

ze. Journation from
Except as otherwise provided specifically herein any claim or dispute arising under this Bill shall be governed by the law of England and determined in the English
ourts to the exclusion of the jurisdiction of the courts of any other place. In the event this clause is inapplicable under local law then jurisdiction and choice of law
shall is in either the port of loadings port of discharge at carrier spation.